

Operations with Integers

Adding Integers

- Negative + Negative: Add the absolute values of the two numbers and make the answer negative.

$$\text{ex: } -5 + (-9) \longrightarrow 5 + 9 = 14 \longrightarrow \text{answer: } (-14)$$

- Negative + Positive (or Positive + Negative): Subtract the absolute values of the two numbers (larger minus smaller) and take the sign of the number with the greater absolute value.

$$\text{ex: } -7 + 12 \longrightarrow 12 - 7 = 5 \longrightarrow 12 > 7, \text{ so answer is positive} \longrightarrow \text{answer: } (5)$$

$$\text{ex: } 6 + (-9) \longrightarrow 9 - 6 = 3 \longrightarrow 9 > 6, \text{ so answer is negative} \longrightarrow \text{answer: } (-3)$$

Subtracting Integers

- Keep the first number the same, change the subtraction sign to an addition sign, and change the sign of the second number. Then use the integer addition rules.

$$\text{ex: } -3 - 9 \longrightarrow -3 + (-9) = (-12)$$

$$\text{ex: } 15 - (-8) \longrightarrow 15 + 8 = (23)$$

$$\text{ex: } -6 - (-4) \longrightarrow -6 + 4 = (-2)$$

Multiplying & Dividing Integers

Ignore the signs and multiply or divide as usual. Then determine the sign of the answer using the following rules:

- Negative \cdot or \div Negative = Positive
- Negative \cdot or \div Positive (or Positive \cdot or \div Negative) = Negative

$$\text{ex: } -3 \cdot (-5) \longrightarrow 3 \cdot 5 = 15 \longrightarrow \text{neg} \cdot \text{neg} = \text{pos} \longrightarrow \text{answer: } (15)$$

$$\text{ex: } 48 \div (-6) \longrightarrow 48 \div 6 = 8 \longrightarrow \text{pos} \div \text{neg} = \text{neg} \longrightarrow \text{answer: } (-8)$$

Order of Operations

Parentheses

Exponents

Multiplication & Division (left to right)

Addition & Subtraction (left to right)

Find the sum or difference.

1. $-80 + 77$

2. $77 + 160$

3. $-64 + (-33)$

4. $104 - (-92)$

5. $-105 - (-122)$

6. $185 - (-154)$

7. $-53 - (-59)$

8. $-6 + (-35)$

9. $15 - (-26) - (-39)$

10. $-93 + 191 + (-179)$

11. $18 + (-34) + 52$

12. $-50 - (-93) + (-17)$

Find the product or quotient.

13. $60 \div 12$

14. $-194 \div (-2)$

15. $88 \cdot (-2)$

16. $-12 \cdot 10$

17. $-10 \cdot (-11)$

18. $90 \div (-6)$

19. $3 \cdot (-59)$

20. $-7 \cdot (-2)$

21. $-28 \div (-88) \cdot (-22)$

22. $-56 \cdot 140 \div (-80)$

23. $108 \div (-11) \cdot (-11)$

24. $-84 \cdot (-17) \div 42$

Evaluate the numerical expression. (Be sure to use the order of operations!)

25. $-78 + (-2) \cdot (-56)$

26. $-65 + 6 \div (-3) + 40$

27. $-94 - (84 - 10)$

28. $43 + (-23) - (-57)$

29. $-15 - (-11) + 5 \cdot (-4)$

30. $-26 - (-64) + (-93)$

31. $-84 \div 4 + (-20)$

32. $-56 + (-50) + (-10) \cdot (-9)$

Operations with Rational Numbers

Adding & Subtracting Rational Numbers

Determine whether you should add or subtract using integer rules. Then add or subtract.

- Decimals:** Line up the decimal points. Then add or subtract and bring the decimal point down. Use integer rules to determine the sign of the answer.

$$\text{ex: } -9.8 + 6.24 \longrightarrow \text{neg} + \text{pos: subtract} \longrightarrow \begin{array}{r} 9.80 \\ -6.24 \\ \hline 3.56 \end{array} \longrightarrow \text{answer: } (-3.56)$$

- Fractions/Mixed Numbers:** Find a common denominator and then add or subtract. Borrow or convert an improper fraction answer, if necessary. Use integer rules to determine the sign of the answer.

$$\text{ex: } 5\frac{3}{4} - (-3\frac{7}{8}) \longrightarrow 5\frac{3}{4} + 3\frac{7}{8} \longrightarrow \text{pos} + \text{pos: add} \longrightarrow \begin{array}{r} 5\frac{3}{4} = \frac{6}{8} \\ + 3\frac{7}{8} = \frac{7}{8} \\ \hline 8\frac{13}{8} \end{array} \longrightarrow \text{answer: } 9\frac{5}{8}$$

Multiplying & Dividing Rational Numbers

Determine the sign of the answer using integer rules. Then multiply or divide.

- Multiplying Decimals:** Ignore the decimal points. Multiply the numbers. Then count the decimal places in the problem to determine the location of the decimal point in the answer.

$$\text{ex: } -9.23 \cdot (-1.1) \longrightarrow \text{neg} \cdot \text{neg} = \text{pos} \longrightarrow \begin{array}{r} 9.23 \\ \times 1.1 \\ \hline 923 \\ 9230 \\ \hline 10153 \end{array} \longrightarrow \text{answer: } (10.153)$$

- Dividing Decimals:** Move the decimal in the divisor to the end of the number. Move the decimal in the dividend the same number of places and then bring it straight up in quotient.

$$\text{ex: } -5.2 \div 0.2 \longrightarrow \text{neg} \div \text{pos} = \text{neg} \longrightarrow 02 \overline{) 52} \longrightarrow \text{answer: } (-26)$$

- Multiplying Fractions:** Convert mixed numbers to improper fractions. Then cross-simplify. Multiply the numerators and multiply the denominators. Simplify if necessary.

$$\text{ex: } -1\frac{3}{4} \cdot \frac{6}{14} \longrightarrow \text{neg} \cdot \text{pos} = \text{neg} \longrightarrow \frac{1\cancel{7}}{2} \cdot \frac{\cancel{6}^3}{\cancel{14}_2} = \frac{3}{4} \longrightarrow \text{answer: } (-\frac{3}{4})$$

- Dividing Fractions:** Convert mixed numbers to improper fractions. Then flip the second fraction to its reciprocal and multiply the two fractions. Simplify if necessary.

$$\text{ex: } -\frac{1}{2} \div (-\frac{3}{8}) \longrightarrow \text{neg} \div \text{neg} = \text{pos} \longrightarrow \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{8}{3} = \frac{4}{3} \longrightarrow \text{answer: } (\frac{4}{3})$$

Find the sum, difference, product, or quotient.

33. $38.61 + 36.841$

34. $1.755 - 1.23$

35. $0.71 \cdot 9.2$

36. $13.12 \div 0.1$

37. $3.651 - (-12.63)$

38. $-3.9 + (-7.6)$

39. $17.6 \cdot 4.3$

40. $6 \cdot (-16.7)$

41. $26.474 - 14.527$

42. $-2.1 + 3.78$

43. $-6.15 \div (-8.2)$

44. $-12.8 \cdot (-4.88)$

Find the sum, difference, product, or quotient.

45. $15 \frac{1}{2} + 15 \frac{1}{4}$

46. $18 \frac{11}{20} - 17 \frac{1}{2}$

47. $2 \frac{1}{4} \cdot 1 \frac{4}{5}$

48. $3 \frac{1}{2} \div 1 \frac{3}{7}$

49. $3 \frac{1}{3} - 5 \frac{1}{9}$

50. $5 \cdot (-1 \frac{2}{5})$

51. $-4 \frac{2}{3} + (-1 \frac{3}{4})$

52. $-5 \frac{5}{6} \div (-2 \frac{1}{6})$

53. $9 \div (-4 \frac{1}{2})$

54. $-18 + 3 \frac{4}{5}$

55. $-5 \frac{2}{3} \cdot (-2 \frac{5}{6})$

56. $-5 \frac{3}{4} - (-3 \frac{7}{8})$

Evaluating Algebraic Expressions

1. Substitute the given values for the variables in the expression
2. Evaluate the expression using the order of operations
 - Parentheses/Brackets (inside to outside)
 - Exponents
 - Multiplication/Division (left to right)
 - Addition/Subtraction (left to right)

ex: evaluate

$$\begin{aligned} & 9x^2 - 4(y + 3z) \\ \text{for } x = -3, y = 2, z = 5 \\ & 9(-3)^2 - 4(2 + 3 \cdot 5) \\ & 9(-3)^2 - 4(2 + 15) \\ & 9(-3)^2 - 4 \cdot 17 \\ & 9 \cdot 9 - 4 \cdot 17 \\ & 81 - 4 \cdot 17 \\ & 81 - 68 = \boxed{13} \end{aligned}$$

The Distributive Property

1. Multiply the number outside the parentheses by each term in the parentheses.
2. Keep the addition/subtraction sign between each term.

ex: $5(8x - 3)$

$$\begin{aligned} & 5(8x - 3) \\ & 5(8x) - 5(3) \\ & \boxed{40x - 15} \end{aligned}$$

Simplifying Algebraic Expressions

1. Clear any parentheses using the Distributive Property
2. Add or subtract like terms (use the sign in front of each term to determine whether to add or subtract)

ex: $2(3x - 4) - 12x + 9$

$$\begin{aligned} & 2(3x - 4) - 12x + 9 \\ & 6x - 8 - 12x + 9 \\ & \boxed{-6x + 1} \end{aligned}$$

Evaluate each expression for $a = 4$, $b = -3$, $c = -2$, $d = 1$. Show your work.

21. $a - cd$	22. $2b^3 + c^2$	23. $\frac{a + d - c}{b}$	24. $(a - b)^2 + d(a + c)$
25. $4c - (b - a)$	26. $\frac{a}{b} - 5a$	27. $2bc + d(12 - 5)$	28. $b + 0.5[8 - (2c + a)]$

Simplify each expression using the Distributive Property.

29. $5(2g - 8)$	30. $7(y + 3)$	31. $-3(4w - 3)$	32. $(6r + 3)2$
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Simplify each expression, showing all work.

33. $8(x + 1) - 12x$	34. $6w - 7 + 12w - 3z$	35. $9n - 8 + 3(2n - 11)$	36. $3(7x + 4y) - 2(2x + y)$
37. $(15 + 8d)(-5) - 24d + d$	38. $9(b - 1) - c + 3b + c$	39. $20f - 4(5f + 4) + 16$	40. $8(h - 4) - h - (h + 7)$

Solving One-Step Equations

1. Cancel out the number on the same side of the equal sign as the variable using inverse operations (addition/subtraction; multiplication/division)
2. Be sure to do the same thing to both sides of the equation!

ex: $-18 = 6j$

$$\frac{-18}{6} = \frac{6j}{6}$$

$$-3 = j \rightarrow \boxed{j = -3}$$

Solving Two-Step Equations

1. Undo operations one at a time with inverse operations, using the order of operations in reverse (i.e. undo addition/subtraction before multiplication/division)
2. Be sure to always do the same thing to both sides of the equation!

ex: $\frac{a}{7} - 12 = -9$

$$\frac{a}{7} - 12 = -9$$

$$+ 12 \quad + 12$$

$$\frac{a}{7} = 3$$

$$7 \times \frac{a}{7} = 3 \times 7$$

$$\boxed{a = 21}$$

Solving Multi-Step Equations

1. Clear any parentheses using the Distributive Property
2. Combine like terms on each side of the equal sign
3. Get the variable terms on the same side of the equation by adding/subtracting a variable term to/from both sides of the equation to cancel it out on one side
4. The equation is now a two-step equation, so finish solving it as described above

ex: $5(2x - 1) = 3x + 4x - 1$

$$10x - 5 = 3x + 4x - 1$$

$$10x - 5 = 7x - 1$$

$$- 7x \quad - 7x$$

$$3x - 5 = -1$$

$$+ 5 \quad + 5$$

$$3x = 4$$

$$\frac{3x}{3} = \frac{4}{3}$$

$$\boxed{x = \frac{4}{3}}$$

Solve each equation, showing all work.

$$41. f - 64 = -23$$

$$42. -7 = 2d$$

$$43. \frac{b}{-12} = -6$$

$$44. 13 = m + 21$$

$$45. 5x - 3 = -28$$

$$46. \frac{w + 8}{-3} = -9$$

$$47. -8 + \frac{h}{4} = 13$$

$$48. 22 = 6y + 7$$

$$49. 8x - 4 = 3x + 1$$

$$50. -2(5d - 8) = 20$$

$$51. 7r + 21 = 49r$$

$$52. -9g - 3 = -3(3g + 2)$$

$$53. 5(3x - 2) = 5(4x + 1)$$

$$54. 3d - 4 + d = 8d - (-12)$$

$$55. f - 6 = -2f + 3(f - 2)$$

$$56. -2(y - 1) = 4y - (y + 2)$$

Writing Expressions & Equations

Key Words for Operations:

Addition	Subtraction
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sum More than Increased by Plus 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Difference Less than Decreased by Minus
Multiplication	Division
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Product Times Multiplied By Twice/Doubled (x2) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Quotient Divided By Half ($\div 2$)

Writing Equations:

- Translate the equation using key words for operations.
- "Is" translates to =.

ex: Translate to an algebraic expression:

b multiplied by the sum of a and c

$$= b(a + c)$$

ex: Translate to an equation & then solve:

14 is 4 more than the product of x and 2.

$$\begin{array}{r} 14 = 2x + 4 \\ -4 \quad -4 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{10}{2} = \frac{2x}{2}$$

$$5 = x \rightarrow \boxed{x = 5}$$

Solving & Graphing Inequalities

1. Solve the inequality as if it is an equation.
2. If you multiply or divide both sides of the inequality by a negative number, flip the inequality sign to the opposite sign.
3. Write your answer with the variable to the left of the inequality sign.
4. Graph the solution on a number line.
 - Make an open circle on the number if the number is not included in the solution ($<$ or $>$)
 - Make a closed circle if the number is included (\leq or \geq)
 - Shade to the left for less than ($<$ or \leq)
 - Shade to the right for greater than ($>$ or \geq).

ex: $-5x - 3 < 12$

$$\begin{array}{r} -5x - 3 < 12 \\ + 3 \quad + 3 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{-5x}{-5} < \frac{15}{-5}$$

Divided both sides by a negative number, so flip the inequality sign!

$$\boxed{x > -3}$$



Translate each verbal phrase into an algebraic expression.

57. the difference of w and z

58. g more than the quotient of b and f

59. the product of v and n increased by p cubed

Translate each sentence into an algebraic equation. Then solve the equation.

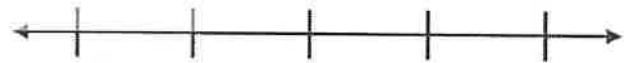
60. Nine is six less than the quotient of x and negative two.

61. The sum of y and seven is twice the difference of y and twelve.

Solve each inequality. Then graph your solution on the number line.

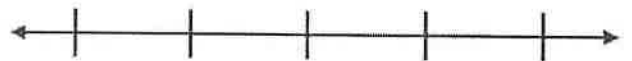
62. $5x < -25$

63. $-18 + b \geq 23$



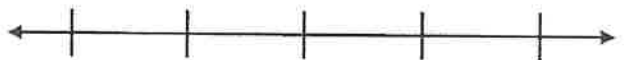
64. $j - 7 > -5$

65. $\frac{a}{-4} \geq 8$



66. $-2n - 24 \leq -36$

67. $18 < \frac{f}{3} + 20$



Slope & Rate of Change

Finding the Slope Given Two Points: Use the coordinates from the points in the slope formula:

$$\text{Slope } (m) = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

ex: $(4, -2), (-3, 8)$
 $x_1 \quad y_1 \quad x_2 \quad y_2$

$$m = \frac{8 - (-2)}{-3 - 4} = \frac{10}{-7} = \boxed{-\frac{10}{7}}$$

Finding the Rate of Change From a Table: Determine the amount the dependent variable (y) is changing and the amount the independent variable (x) is changing.

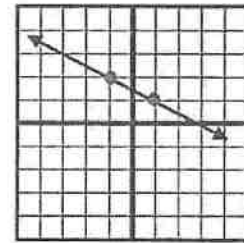
$$\text{Rate of Change} = \frac{\text{change in } y}{\text{change in } x}$$

ex:

		+2	+2	+2	
x	# months	3	5	7	9
y	Cost (\$)	80	130	180	230
		+50	+50	+50	

$$m = \frac{50}{2} = \boxed{25 \text{ dollars/month}}$$

Finding the Slope From a Graph: Choose 2 points on the graph. Find the vertical change (rise) and horizontal change (run) between the 2 points and write it as a fraction $\frac{\text{rise}}{\text{run}}$. (Up is positive, down is negative, right is positive, and left is negative).



rise = +1
run = -2

$$m = \frac{1}{-2} = \boxed{-\frac{1}{2}}$$

Graphing Linear Equations

Slope-Intercept Form: $y = mx + b$
slope y-intercept

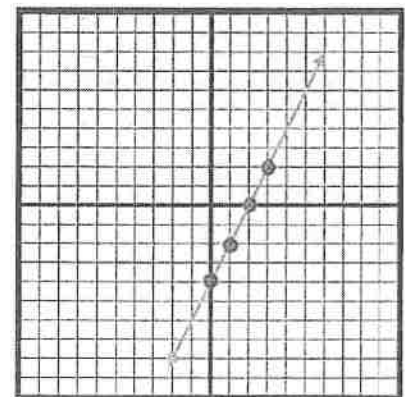
ex: $y = 2x - 4$

y-intercept: -4

slope: $2 = \frac{2}{1}$ ← rise
 ← run

How To Graph:

1. Make a point on the y-axis at the y-intercept.
2. Use the slope to determine where to make the next point. The numerator tells you the rise (how far up/down) and the denominator tells you the run (how far right/left) to make the next point.
3. Repeat to make more points and then connect the points with a line.



92. $(-5, 3), (2, 1)$

93. $(8, 4), (11, 6)$

94. $(9, 3), (9, -1)$

95. $(-4, -2), (-6, 4)$

Find the rate of change. Show your work.

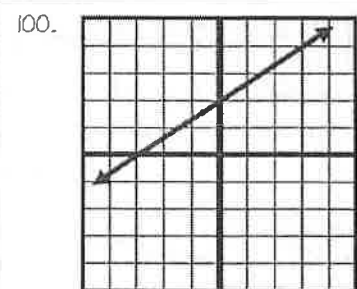
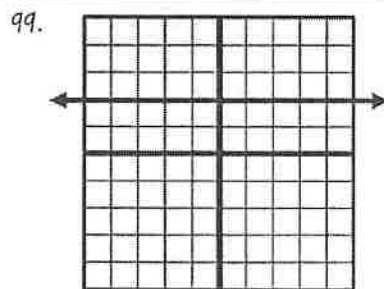
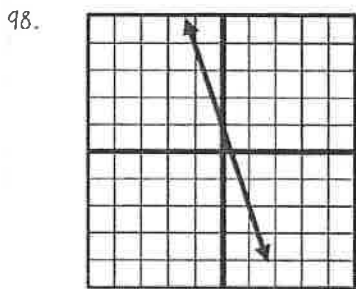
96.

Number of Hours	3	6	9	12
Distance (in miles)	135	270	405	540

97.

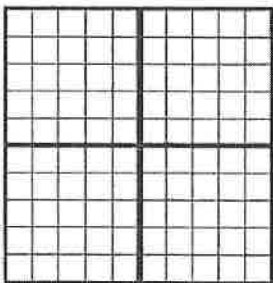
Number of Weeks	1	3	5	7
Pounds	173	169	165	161

Find the slope of the line.

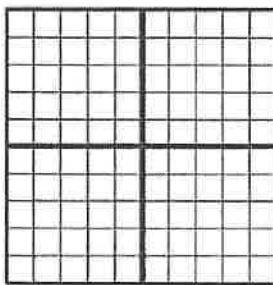


Graph the line.

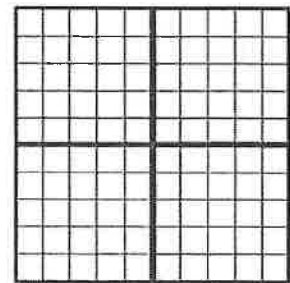
101. $y = -x - 3$



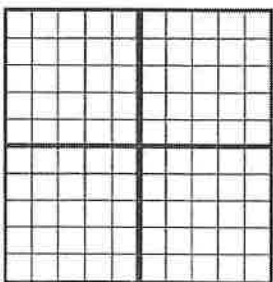
102. $y = \frac{1}{3}x + 2$



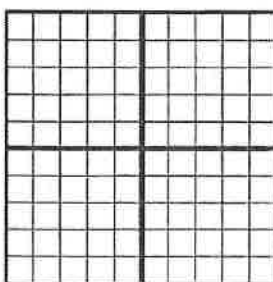
103. $y = -3x - 1$



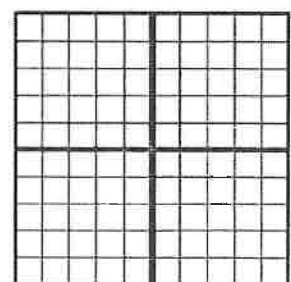
104. $y = -\frac{3}{2}x - 2$



105. $y = 2x + 1$



106. $y = \frac{1}{4}x$



Solving Proportions

1. Set the two cross-products equal to each other
2. Solve the equation for the variable

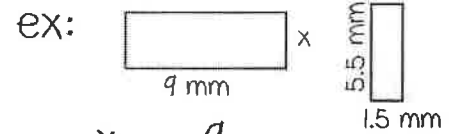
ex: $\frac{m}{4} = \frac{3}{5}$

$$\frac{5m}{5} = \frac{12}{5}$$

$$m = 2.4$$

Similar Figures

1. To find a missing side length, set up a proportion, matching up corresponding sides.
2. Solve the proportion using the steps above.



$$\frac{x}{1.5} = \frac{9}{5.5}$$

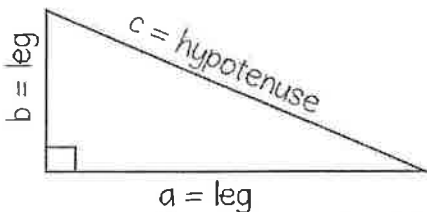
$$x = 2.45 \text{ mm}$$

The Pythagorean Theorem

*** The Pythagorean Theorem applies to right triangles only **

The sides next to the right angle (a & b) are legs

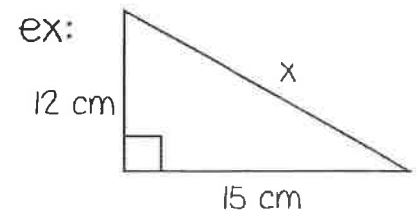
The side across from the right angle (c) is the hypotenuse



Pythagorean Theorem: $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$

To find the hypotenuse: add the squares of the legs and then find the square root of the sum

To find a leg: subtract the square of the given leg from the square of the hypotenuse and then find the square root of the difference



x is the hypotenuse

$$12^2 + 15^2 = x^2$$

$$144 + 225 = x^2$$

$$369 = x^2$$

$$x = \sqrt{369} \approx 19.2 \text{ cm}$$

ex: a = ?, b = 3, c = 6

a is a leg

$$a^2 + 3^2 = 6^2$$

$$a^2 + 9 = 36$$

$$a^2 = 36 - 9 = 27$$

$$a = \sqrt{27} \approx 5.2$$

Solve each proportion, showing all work.

107. $\frac{6}{7} = \frac{4}{m}$

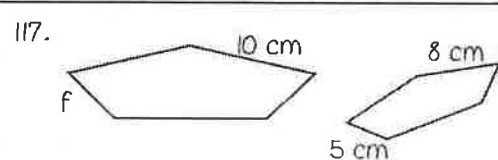
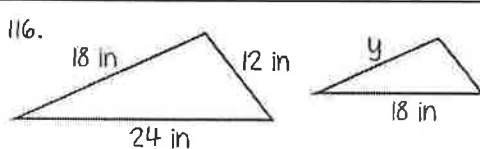
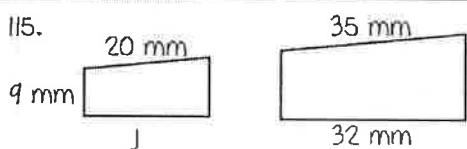
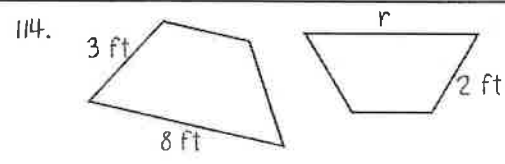
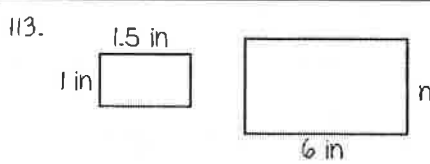
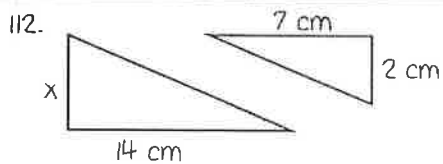
108. $\frac{12}{5} = \frac{k}{3}$

109. $\frac{h}{7} = \frac{8}{2}$

110. $\frac{22}{n} = \frac{9}{36}$

111. $\frac{4}{21} = \frac{3}{c}$

Assume each pair of figures is similar. Find the missing side length, showing all work.

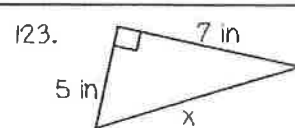
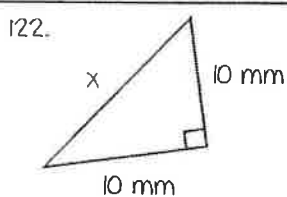
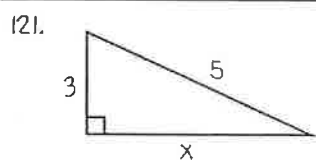


Find the missing side length in each right triangle to the nearest tenth. Show your work!

118. $a = 6, b = 8, c = ?$

119. $a = ?, b = 9 \text{ cm}, c = 13 \text{ cm}$

120. $a = 7, b = ?, c = 14$



124. A 20-foot ladder is leaning against a wall. The base of the ladder is 5 feet from the wall. How high up the wall does the ladder reach?

Determine whether or not you can form a right triangle from the given side lengths. Explain.

125. 18, 22, 26

126. 5, 12, 13

Volume

Volume: the space inside a 3D figure (measured in cubic units)

Abbreviations:

A = area, l = length, w = width, b = base, h = height, r = radius, V = volume, B = area of base

Formulas:

- Review of 2D Figure Area Formulas:

Rectangle: $A = lw$

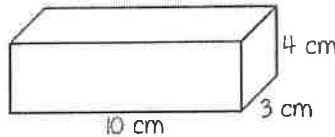
Parallelogram: $A = bh$

Triangle: $A = \frac{1}{2}bh$

Trapezoid: $A = \frac{1}{2}h(b_1 + b_2)$

Circle: $A = \pi r^2$

- Prism: $V = Bh$



This base of this prism is a rectangle, so $B = l \cdot w$

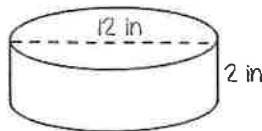
$$V = Bh$$

$$V = lwh$$

$$V = 10 \cdot 3 \cdot 4$$

$$V = 120 \text{ cm}^3$$

- Cylinder: $V = \pi r^2 h$



The diameter is 12 in, so the radius is 6 in

$$V = \pi r^2 h$$

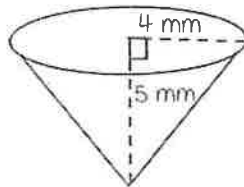
$$V = \pi \cdot 6^2 \cdot 2$$

$$V = \pi \cdot 36 \cdot 2$$

$$V = 72\pi$$

$$V \approx 226.2 \text{ in}^3$$

- Cone: $V = \frac{\pi r^2 h}{3}$



$$V = \frac{\pi r^2 h}{3}$$

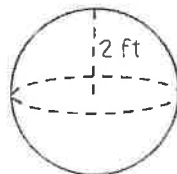
$$V = \frac{\pi(4)^2 \cdot 5}{3}$$

$$V = \frac{\pi \cdot 16 \cdot 5}{3}$$

$$V = \frac{80\pi}{3}$$

$$V \approx 83.8 \text{ mm}^3$$

- Sphere: $V = \frac{4\pi r^3}{3}$



$$V = \frac{4\pi r^3}{3}$$

$$V = \frac{4\pi(2)^3}{3}$$

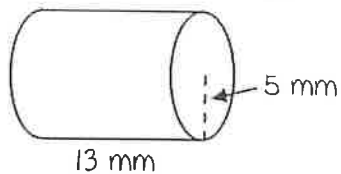
$$V = \frac{4\pi \cdot 8}{3}$$

$$V = \frac{32\pi}{3}$$

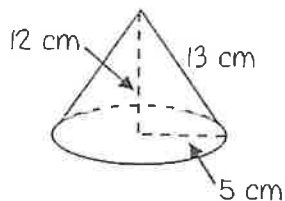
$$V \approx 33.5 \text{ ft}^3$$

Find the volume. If necessary, round to the nearest tenth.

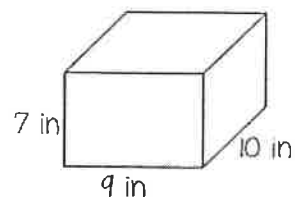
127.



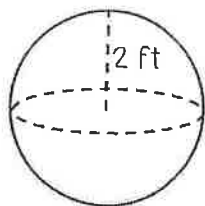
128.



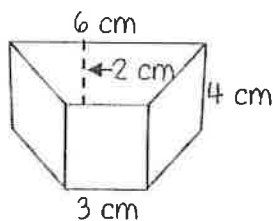
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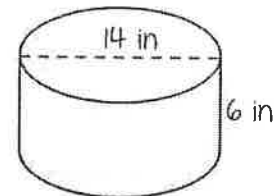
130.



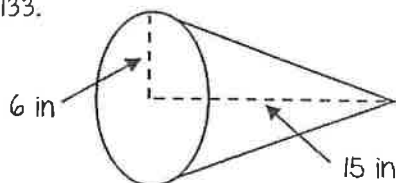
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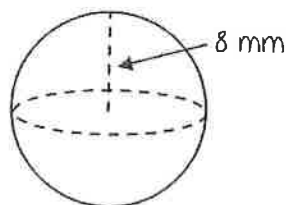
132.



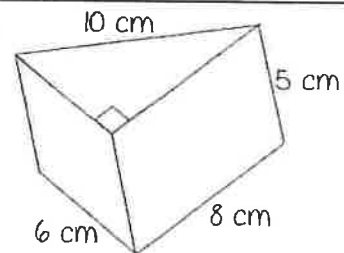
133.



134.



135.



Solve each word problem. Round to the nearest tenth, if necessary.

136. A cylindrical cup is filled half-way with water. The cup has a diameter of 7 cm and a height of 15 cm. How many mL of water are in the cup? (1 mL = 1 cm³)

137. A ball with a diameter of 7 cm is placed in a cube-shaped box with 8 cm sides. How much empty space is left in the box?